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NEWS 2 MAY 01 New CAS web site launched
NEWS 3 MAY 08 CA/CAplus Indian patent publication number format defined
NEWS 4 MAY 14 RDISCLOSURE on STN Easy enhanced with new search and display
                 fields
NEWS 5 MAY 21 BIOSIS reloaded and enhanced with archival data
NEWS 6 MAY 21
                TOXCENTER enhanced with BIOSIS reload
NEWS 7 MAY 21 CA/Caplus enhanced with additional kind codes for German
                 patents
NEWS 8 MAY 22 CA/Caplus enhanced with IPC reclassification in Japanese
                 patents
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NEWS 10 JUN 29 STN Viewer now available
NEWS 11 JUN 29 STN Express, Version 8.2, now available
NEWS 12 JUL 02 LEMBASE coverage updated
NEWS 13 JUL 02 LMEDLINE coverage updated
NEWS 14 JUL 02 SCISEARCH enhanced with complete author names
NEWS 15 JUL 02 CHEMCATS accession numbers revised
NEWS 16 JUL 02 CA/Caplus enhanced with utility model patents from China
NEWS 17 JUL 16 CAplus enhanced with French and German abstracts
NEWS 18 JUL 18 CA/CAplus patent coverage enhanced
NEWS 19 JUL 26 USPATFULL/USPAT2 enhanced with IPC reclassification
NEWS 20 JUL 30 USGENE now available on STN
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NEWS 22 AUG 06 BEILSTEIN updated with new compounds
NEWS 23 AUG 06 FSTA enhanced with new thesaurus edition
NEWS 24 AUG 13 CA/Caplus enhanced with additional kind codes for granted
                 patents
NEWS 25 AUG 20 CA/Caplus enhanced with CAS indexing in pre-1907 records
NEWS EXPRESS 29 JUNE 2007: CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V8.2,
              CURRENT MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0c(ENG) AND V6.0Jc(JP),
              AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 05 JULY 2007.
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              STN Operating Hours Plus Help Desk Availability
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 ENTRY
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=> S MIP-4 (L)CCRL2 L1 1 MIP-4 (L) CCRL2

=> D ibib Abs 11

L1 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:547792 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:76842

TITLE: Macrophage inflammatory protein-4 (MIP-4) as an endogenous ligand for CCRL2 and sequences of human MIP-4 and

CCRL2
INVENTOR(S): Tinsl

INVENTOR(S): Tinsley, Jonathon Mark
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Oxagen Limited, UK
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 69 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.						D	DATE			APPL	ICAT:		DATE				
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EP	1692 R:	MR, 171 AT,	NE,	SN,	TD, A2 DE,	TG DK,	2006 ES, RO,	0823 FR,	GB,	EP 2 GR,	004-	8012 LI,	56 LU,	NL,	SE,	0041 MC,	202 PT,

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BA, HR, IS, YU
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JP 2007520210 T 20070726 JP 2006-542005 20041202
US 2007036781 A1 20070215 US 2006-579386 20060515
RITY APPLN. INFO:: GB 2003-28275 A 20031205
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                           GB 2004-3014
                                           WO 2004-GB5057 W 20041200
-4; also known
                                                             A 20040211
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AB
    Macrophage inflammatory protein-4 (MIP-4; also known
    as DC-CKI, CCL18 and PARC) is identified as an endogenous ligand for
    CCRL2 (chemokine (C-C motif) receptor-like 2). The protein and
     cDNA sequences of human MIP-4 and CCRL2 are
     disclosed. Anti-CCRL2 antibody was blocking MIP-
     4 and synovial fluid induced monocyte chemotaxis. Anti-
    MIP-4 antibody was also blocking RA synovial fluid
     induced monocyte chemotaxis. This data demonstrates that MIP-
     4 is a major mediator of monocyte induced chemotaxis found in RA
     synovial fluid. CCRL2 modulators, such as antibodies against
     CCRL2 or MIP-4, is useful in treating an
     inflammatory disease, a disease associated with enhanced macrophage activity
    or an infection.
=> S Antibody(S)MIP-4 AND pd<=20041202</p>
   2 FILES SEARCHED...
            1 ANTIBODY(S) MIP-4 AND PD<=20041202
=> D ibib abs L2
L2 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:820779 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        123:220290
TITLE:
                        Cloning and therapeutic applications of human
                       macrophage inflammatory proteins MIP-3, MIP-
                        4, and MIP-1y, or their
                        antibodies or antagonists
INVENTOR(S):
                       Li, Haodong; Rosen, Craig A.; Ruben, Steve; Adams,
                       Mark D.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Human Genome Sciences, Inc., USA SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 63 pp.
                       CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
                       English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 10
PATENT INFORMATION:
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    PATENT NO.
     WO 9517092 A1 19950629 WO 1994-US7256
                                                               19940628 <--
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PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
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                                                                                                       B1 19950505
B2 19950606
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                                                                                                        A3 19970930
                                                                         US 1999-334923
                                                                                                        A3 19990617
                                                                         US 1999-334951
US 1999-334954
                                                                                                        A3 19990617
                                                                                                        A3 19990617
AB
       There are disclosed human macrophage inflammatory protein-3, human
```

macrophage inflammatory protein-4, and human macrophage inflammatory protein-1y polypeptides and DNA (or RNA) encoding such polypeptides. There is also provided a procedure for producing such polypeptides by recombinant techniques and for producing antibodies against such polypeptides. In the invention there is also provided antagonist/inhibitors against such polypeptides which inhibit the functioning of such polypeptides. Another aspect of the invention provides a combination of the polypeptides of the present invention and a suitable pharmaceutical carrier for providing a therapeutically effective amount of the polypeptides for the treatment of various associated diseases.

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=> S Antibody(S)CCRL-2 AND pd<=20041202
2 FILES SEARCHED...</pre>
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L3 0 ANTIBODY(S) CCRL-2 AND PD<=20041202

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				patents
NEWS	5	AUG	20	CA/CAplus enhanced with CAS indexing in pre-1907 records
NEWS	6	AUG	27	Full-text patent databases enhanced with predefined
				patent family display formats from INPADOCDB
NEWS	7	AUG	27	USPATOLD now available on STN

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NEWS 8 AUG 28 CAS REGISTRY enhanced with additional experimental
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NEWS 9 SEP 07
                 STN AnaVist, Version 2.0, now available with Derwent
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NEWS 13 SEP 17 CAplus coverage extended to include traditional medicine
                 patents
NEWS 14 SEP 24 EMBASE, EMBAL, and LEMBASE reloaded with enhancements
NEWS 15 OCT 02 CA/Caplus enhanced with pre-1907 records from Chemisches
                 Zentralblatt
NEWS 16 OCT 19 BEILSTEIN updated with new compounds
NEWS 17 NOV 15 Derwent Indian patent publication number format enhanced
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                 DGENE now includes more than 10 million sequences
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                 MEDLINE and LMEDLINE updated with 2008 MeSH vocabulary
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                CA/CAplus enhanced with new custom IPC display formats
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                 from USPATOLD
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                 STN pricing information for 2008 now available
NEWS 30 JAN 16 CAS patent coverage enhanced to include exemplified
                 prophetic substances
NEWS 31 JAN 28 USPATFULL, USPAT2, and USPATOLD enhanced with new
                 custom IPC display formats
NEWS 32 JAN 28 MARPAT searching enhanced
NEWS 33 JAN 28 USGENE now provides USPTO sequence data within 3 days
                 of publication
NEWS 34 JAN 28 TOXCENTER enhanced with reloaded MEDLINE segment
NEWS 35 JAN 28 MEDLINE and LMEDLINE reloaded with enhancements
NEWS 36 FEB 08 STN Express, Version 8.3, now available
NEWS EXPRESS FEBRUARY 08 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V8.3.
             AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 24 JANUARY 2008
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1 FILES SEARCHED... 6 (MIP-4 OR CCL18 OR PARC OR AMAC1 OR AMAC-1 OR DCCK1 OR DC-CK-1 OR SCYA18 OR CKBETA1 OR CKBETA7) AND (CCRL2 OR HCR OR CRAM-A)

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2 DUP REM L1 (4 DUPLICATES REMOVED) ANSWERS '1-2' FROM FILE MEDLINE

AND PD<=20041202

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L2 ANSWER 1 OF 2 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 1

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004617243 MEDLINE DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 15588486

TITLE: Haplotype structure and linkage disequilibrium in chemokine

and chemokine receptor genes.

AUTHOR: Clark Vanessa J; Dean Michael

CORPORATE SOURCE: Laboratory of Genomic Diversity, Human Genetics Section, National Cancer Institute, Frederick, MD 21702, USA..

vclark@genetics.bsd.uchicago.edu

SOURCE: Human genomics, (2004 May) Vol. 1, No. 4, pp.

255-73.

Journal code: 101202210, ISSN: 1473-9542,

PUB. COUNTRY: England: United Kingdom

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English FILE SEGMENT:

Priority Journals 200503

ENTRY MONTH:

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20 Dec 2004

Last Updated on STN: 30 Mar 2005

Entered Medline: 29 Mar 2005

AB To dissect the haplotype structure of candidate genes for disease association studies, it is important to understand the nature of genetic variation at these loci in different populations. We present a survey of haplotype structure and linkage disequilibrium of chemokine and chemokine receptor genes in 11 geographically-distinct population samples (n=728). Chemokine proteins are involved in intercellular signalling and the immune response. These molecules are important modulators of human immunodeficiency virus (HIV)-1 infection and the progression of the acquired immune deficiency syndrome, tumour development and the metastatic process of cancer. To study the extent of genetic variation in this gene family, single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs) from 13 chemokine and

chemokine receptor genes were genotyped using the 5' nuclease assay (TaqMan). SNP haplotypes, estimated from unphased genotypes using the Expectation-Maximization-algorithm, are described in a cluster of four CC-chemokine receptor genes (CCR3, CCR2, CCR5 and CCRL2) on chromosome 3p21, and a cluster of three CC-chemokine genes [MPIF-1 (CCL23), PARC (CCL18) and MIP-lalpha (CCL3)] on chromosome 17q11-12. The 32 base pair (bp) deletion in exon 4 of CCR5 was also included in the haplotype analysis of 3p21. A total of 87.5 per cent of the variation of 14 biallelic loci scattered over 150 kilobases of 3p21 is explained by 11 haplotypes which have a frequency of at least 1 per cent in the total sample. An analysis of haplotype blocks in this region indicates recombination between CCR2 and CCR5, although long-range pairwise linkage disequilibrium across the region appears to remain intact on two common haplotypes. A reduced-median network demonstrates a clear relationship between 3p21 haplotypes, rooted by the putative ancestral haplotype determined by direct sequencing of four primate species. Analysis of six SNPs on 17q11-12 indicates that 97.5 per cent of the variation is explained by 15 haplotypes, representing at least 1 per cent of the total sample. Additionally, a possible signature of selection at a non-synonymous coding SNP (M106V) in the MPIF-1 (CCL23) gene warrants further study. We anticipate that the results of this study of chemokine and chemokine receptor variation will be applicable to more extensive surveys of long-range haplotype structure in these gene regions and to association studies of HIV-1 disease and cancer.

2 ANSWER 2 OF 2 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 2
CCESSION NUMBER: 2004617237 MEDLINE

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004617237 MEDL: DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 15588479

TITLE: Characterisation of SNP haplotype structure in chemokine

and chemokine receptor genes using CEPH pedigrees and statistical estimation.

AUTHOR: Clark Vanessa J; Dean Michael

CORPORATE SOURCE: Laboratory of Genomic Diversity, Human Genetics Section, National Cancer Institute, Frederick, MD 21702, USA..

vclark@genetics.bsd.uchicago.edu

SOURCE: Human genomics, (2004 Mar) Vol. 1, No. 3, pp.

195-207.

Journal code: 101202210. ISSN: 1473-9542.

PUB. COUNTRY: England: United Kingdom

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English
FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 200501

ENTRY MONTH: 200501 ENTRY DATE: Entered

Entered STN: 20 Dec 2004 Last Updated on STN: 19 Jan 2005

Entered Medline: 18 Jan 2005

Chemokine signals and their cell-surface receptors are important AB modulators of HIV-1 disease and cancer. To aid future case/control association studies, aim to further characterise the haplotype structure of variation in chemokine and chemokine receptor genes. To perform haplotype analysis in a population-based association study, haplotypes must be determined by estimation, in the absence of family information or laboratory methods to establish phase. Here, test the accuracy of estimates of haplotype frequency and linkage disequilibrium by comparing estimated haplotypes generated with the expectation maximisation (EM) algorithm to haplotypes determined from Centre d'Etude Polymorphisme Humain (CEPH) pedigree data. To do this, they have characterised haplotypes comprising alleles at 11 biallelic loci in four chemokine receptor genes (CCR3, CCR2, CCR5 and CCRL2), which span 150 kb on chromosome 3p21, and haplotyes of nine biallelic loci in six chemokine genes [MCP-1(CCL2), Eotaxin(CCL11), RANTES(CCL5), MPIF-1(CCL23), PARC(CCL18) and MIP-lalpha(CCL3)] on chromosome

17g11-12. Forty multi-generation CEPH families, totalling 489 individuals, were genotyped by the TaqMan 5'-nuclease assay. Phased haplotypes and haplotypes estimated from unphased genotypes were compared in 103 grandparents who were assumed to have mated at random. For the 3p21 single nucleotide polymorphism (SNP) data, haplotypes determined by pedigree analysis and haplotypes generated by the EM algorithm were nearly identical. Linkage disequilibrium, measured by the D' statistic, was nearly maximal across the 150 kb region, with complete disequilibrium maintained at the extremes between CCR3-Y17Y and CCRL2-I243V. D'-values calculated from estimated haplotypes on 3p21 had high concordance with pairwise comparisons between pedigree-phased chromosomes. Conversely, there was less agreement between analyses of haplotype frequencies and linkage disequilibrium using estimated haplotypes when compared with pedigree-phased haplotypes of SNPs on chromosome 17q11-12. These results suggest that, while estimations of haplotype frequency and linkage disequilibrium may be relatively simple in the 3p21 chemokine receptor cluster in population samples, the more complex environment on chromosome 17q11-12 will require a higher resolution haplotype analysis.

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NEWS 3 AUG 06 FSTA enhanced with new thesaurus edition
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NEWS 5 AUG 20 CA/Caplus enhanced with CAS indexing in pre-1907 records
NEWS 6 AUG 27 Full-text patent databases enhanced with predefined
                 patent family display formats from INPADOCDB
NEWS 7 AUG 27 USPATOLD now available on STN
NEWS 8 AUG 28 CAS REGISTRY enhanced with additional experimental
                 spectral property data
NEWS 9 SEP 07 STN AnaVist, Version 2.0, now available with Derwent
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NEWS 10 SEP 13 FORIS renamed to SOFIS
NEWS 11 SEP 13 INPADOCDB enhanced with monthly SDI frequency
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NEWS 14 SEP 24 EMBASE, EMBAL, and LEMBASE reloaded with enhancements
NEWS 15 OCT 02 CA/Caplus enhanced with pre-1907 records from Chemisches
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NEWS 16 OCT 19 BEILSTEIN updated with new compounds
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NEWS 21 DEC 14 BEILSTEIN pricing structure to change
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NEWS 23 DEC 17 IMSDRUGCONF removed from database clusters and STN
NEWS 24 DEC 17 DGENE now includes more than 10 million sequences
NEWS 25 DEC 17 TOXCENTER enhanced with 2008 MeSH vocabulary in
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NEWS 30 JAN 16 CAS patent coverage enhanced to include exemplified
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NEWS 32 JAN 28 MARPAT searching enhanced
NEWS 33 JAN 28 USGENE now provides USPTO sequence data within 3 days
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NEWS 34 JAN 28 TOXCENTER enhanced with reloaded MEDLINE segment
NEWS 35 JAN 28 MEDLINE and LMEDLINE reloaded with enhancements
NEWS 36 FEB 08 STN Express, Version 8.3, now available
NEWS EXPRESS FEBRUARY 08 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V8.3,
             AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 24 JANUARY 2008
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=> S MIP-4 (S)CCRL2 L1 1 MIP-4 (S) CCRL2

=> D abs

ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN L1

AB Macrophage inflammatory protein-4 (MIP-4; also known as DC-CKI, CCL18 and PARC) is identified as an endogenous ligand for CCRL2 (chemokine (C-C motif) receptor-like 2). The protein and cDNA sequences of human MIP-4 and CCRL2 are disclosed. Anti-CCRL2 antibody was blocking MIP-4 and synovial fluid induced monocyte chemotaxis. Anti-MIP-4 antibody was also blocking RA synovial fluid induced monocyte chemotaxis. This data demonstrates that MIP-4 is a major mediator of monocyte induced chemotaxis found in RA synovial fluid. CCRL2 modulators, such as antibodies against CCRL2 or MIP-4, is

useful in treating an inflammatory disease, a disease associated with

=> D Ibib

ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

enhanced macrophage activity or an infection.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:547792 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:76842

TITLE: Macrophage inflammatory protein-4 (MIP-4) as an endogenous ligand for CCRL2 and sequences of human MIP-4 and

CCRL2

INVENTOR(S): Tinsley, Jonathon Mark

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Oxagen Limited, UK SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 69 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2 DOCUMENT TYPE: Pat.ent.

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | | | | | | KIND DATE | | | | | ICAT | | DATE | | | | | |
|------------|------|-----|-----|------------|------|-----------|------|-------|-----|------|----------|-------|----------|-----|----------|-----|------|--|
| WO | 2005 | | | 2 20050623 | | | | WO 2 | | | 20041202 | | | | | | | |
| WO | 2005 | | | | | | 2006 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | W: | ΑE, | AG, | AL, | AM, | ΑT, | ΑU, | ΑZ, | BA, | BB, | BG, | BR, | BW, | BY, | ΒZ, | CA, | CH, | |
| | | CN, | CO, | CR, | CU, | CZ, | DE, | DK, | DM, | DZ, | EC, | EE, | EG, | ES, | FI, | GB, | GD, | |
| | | GE, | GH, | GM, | HR, | HU, | ID, | IL, | IN, | IS, | JP, | KE, | KG, | KP, | KR, | KZ, | LC, | |
| | | LK, | LR, | LS, | LT, | LU, | LV, | MA, | MD, | MG, | MK, | MN, | MW, | MX, | MZ, | NA, | NI, | |
| | | NO. | NZ. | OM. | PG. | PH. | PL, | PT. | RO. | RU. | SC. | SD. | SE. | SG. | SK. | SL. | SY. | |
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| EP | 1692 | | | | | | 2006 | 0823 | | EP 2 | 004- | 8012 | 56 | | 20041202 | | | |
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| TD | 2007 | | | | | | 2007 | 0226 | | TD 3 | 000 | E 420 | ΛE | | 00041000 | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 20041202 | | | |
| US | 2007 | | A1 | | 2007 | UZ15 | | US 2 | UU6 | 5/93 | 86 | | 20060515 | | | | | |

GB 2003-28275 A 20031205 GB 2004-3014 A 20040211 GB 2004-18568 A 20040819 WO 2004-GB5057 W 20041202

=> S MIP-4 (S) receptor 4 MIP-4 (S) RECEPTOR

=> Dup Rem L2

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L2

4 DUP REM L2 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED) ANSWER '1' FROM FILE BIOSIS ANSWERS '2-4' FROM FILE CAPLUS

=> D Ibib abs L3 1-4

L3 ANSWER 1 OF 4 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2008 The Thomson Corporation on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:307109 BIOSIS DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV200700295995

TITLE: Histamine release from the basophils of control and asthmatic subjects and a comparison of gene expression

between "releaser". and "nonreleaser" basophils. Youssef, Lama A.; Schuvler, Mark; Gilmartin, Laura;

AUTHOR(S): Pickett, Gavin; Bard, Julie D. J.; Tarleton, Christy A.;

Archibeque, Tereassa; Qualls, Clifford; Wilson, Bridget S.; Oliver, Janet M. [Reprint Author]

CORPORATE SOURCE: Univ New Mexico, Sch Med, Dept Cell Pathol Lab, 2325 Camino

de Salud, Albuquerque, NM 87131 USA

ioliver@salud.umn.edu SOURCE: Journal of Immunology, (APR 1 2007) Vol. 178, No. 7, pp.

4584-4594.

CODEN: JOIMA3. ISSN: 0022-1767.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article LANGUAGE: English

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 9 May 2007

Last Updated on STN: 9 May 2007

Most human blood basophils respond to Fc epsilon RI cross-linking by releasing histamine and other inflammatory mediators. Basophils that do not degranulate after anti-IqE challenge, known as "nonreleaser" basophils, characteristically have no or barely detectable levels of the Syk tyrosine kinase. The true incidence of the nonreleaser phenotype, its relationship (if any) to allergic asthma, and its molecular mechanism are not well understood. In this study, we report statistical analyses of degranulation assays performed in 68 control and 61 asthmatic subjects that establish higher basal and anti-IgE-stimulated basophil degranulation among the asthmatics. Remarkably, 28% of the, control group and 13% of the asthmatic group were nonreleasers; for all or part of our 4-year long study and cycling between the releaser and nonreleaser phenotypes occurred at least once in blood basophils from 8 (of 8) asthmatic and 16 (of 23) control donors. Microarray analysis showed that basal gene expression was generally lower in nonreleaser than releaser basophils. In releaser I cells, Fc epsilon RI cross-linking up-regulated > 200 genes, including genes encoding receptors (the Fc epsilon RI a and beta subunits, the histamine 4 receptor, the chemokine (C-C motif) receptor 1), signaling proteins (Lyn), chemokines (IL-8, RANTES, MIP-1 alpha, and, MIP-4 beta) and transcription factors (early growth response-1, early growth response-3, and AP-1). Fc

epsilon RI cross-linking induced fewer, and quite distinct, transcriptional responses in nonreleaser cells. We conclude that

"nonreleaser" and "cycler" basophils represent a distinct and reversible natural phenotype. Although histamine is more readily released from

basophils isolated from asthmatics than controls, the presence of noureleaser basophils does not rule out the diagnosis of asthma.

L3 ANSWER 2 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:547792 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:76842

TITLE: Macrophage inflammatory protein-4 (MIP-4) as an endogenous ligand for CCRL2 and sequences of human

MIP-4 and CCRL2

INVENTOR(S): Tinsley, Jonathon Mark
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Oxagen Limited, UK

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 69 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION:

| 1 | PA: | ENT : | NO. | | | KIN | | DATE | | | APPL | | | | | | | | |
|-------|--|------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------|--|
| | | 2005057220 | | | | | | | | WO 2004-GB5057 | | | | | | 20041202 | | | |
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CN, CO, CR,
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RW: BW, GH, GM, | | | AM,
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| 1 | ΕP | 1692 | 171 | | | A2 | | 20060823 | | EP 2 | | 2004-801256 | | | | 2 | 20041202 | | |
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| | | | | | | | | 2007 | | | JP 2 | | | | | | 0041 | | |
| PRIOR | US 2007036781
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | | | | | | | | US 2
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1856
GB50 | 5
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57 | 1 | A 2
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211
819 | |

AB Macrophage inflammatory protein-4 (MTP-4; also known as DC-CKI, CCLIB and PARC) is identified as an endogenous ligand for CCRL2 (chemokine (C-C motif) receptor-like 2). The protein and cDNA sequences of human MTP-4 and CCRL2 are disclosed. Anti-CCRL2 antibody was blocking MTP-4 and synovial fluid induced monocyte chemotaxis. Anti-MTP-4 antibody was also blocking RA synovial fluid induced monocyte chemotaxis. This data demonstrates that MTP-4 is a major mediator of monocyte induced chemotaxis found in RA synovial fluid. CCRL2 modulators, such as antibodies against CCRL2 or MTP-4, is useful in treating an inflammatory disease, a disease associated with enhanced macrophage activity or an infection.

L3 ANSWER 3 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:82601 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:221179

TITLE:

C-C chemokine receptor 3 antagonism by the
β-chemokine macrophage inflammatory protein 4, a
property strongly enhanced by an amino-terminal
alanine-methionine swap

AUTHOR(S): Nibbs, Robert J. B.; Salcedo, Theodora W.; Campbell, John D. M.; Yao, Xiao-Tao; Li, Yuling; Nardelli,

Bernardetta; Olsen, Henrik S.; Morris, Tina S.; Proudfoot, Amanda E. I.; Patel, Vikram P.; Graham,

Gerard J.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Cancer Research Campaign Laboratories, Beatson Institute for Cancer Research, Glasgow, G61 1BD, UK SOURCE:

Journal of Immunology (2000), 164(3), 1488-1497

CODEN: JOIMA3; ISSN: 0022-1767

PUBLISHER: American Association of Immunologists

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal English

LANGUAGE:

Allergic reactions are characterized by the infiltration of tissues by activated eosinophils, Th2 lymphocytes, and basophils. The

β-chemokine receptor CCR3, which recognizes the ligands eotaxin, eotaxin-2, monocyte chemotactic protein (MCP) 3, MCP4, and RANTES, plays a central role in this process, and antagonists to this receptor could have potential therapeutic use in the treatment of allergy. The authors describe here a potent and specific CCR3 antagonist, called Met-chemokine

β 7 (Ckβ7), that prevents signaling through this receptor and, at concns. as low as 1 nM, can block eosinophil chemotaxis induced by the

most potent CCR3 ligands. Met-CkB7 is a more potent CCR3 antagonist than Met- and aminooxypentane (AOP)-RANTES and, unlike these proteins, exhibits no partial agonist activity and is highly specific for CCR3. This antagonist may thus be of use in ameliorating leukocyte infiltration associated with allergic inflammation. Met-Ckβ7 is a modified form of the B-chemokine macrophage inflammatory protein (MIP) 4

[alternatively called pulmonary and activation-regulated chemokine (PARC), alternative macrophage activation-associated C-C chemokine (AMAC) 1, or dendritic cell-derived C-C chemokine (DCCK) 1]. Surprisingly, the

unmodified MIP4 protein, which is known to act as a T cell chemoattractant, also exhibits this CCR3 antagonistic activity, although to a lesser extent than Met-CkB7, but to a level that may be of physiol, relevance. MIP4 may therefore use chemokine receptor agonism and

antagonism to control leukocyte movement in vivo. The enhanced activity of Met-Ckβ7 is due to the alteration of the extreme N-terminal residue from an alanine to a methionine.

REFERENCE COUNT: 53

THERE ARE 53 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 4 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:820779 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:220290

TITLE: Cloning and therapeutic applications of human macrophage inflammatory proteins MIP-3, MIP-4, and

MIP-ly, or their antibodies or antagonists Li, Haodong; Rosen, Craig A.; Ruben, Steve; Adams,

Mark D.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Human Genome Sciences, Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 63 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 10

PATENT INFORMATION:

INVENTOR(S):

| PATENT NO. | KIND DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|-----------------|-----------------|-------------------------|------------|
| | | | |
| WO 9517092 | A1 19950629 | WO 1994-US7256 | 19940628 |
| W: AU, CA, CN, | JP, KR, NZ | | |
| RW: AT, BE, CH, | DE, DK, ES, FR, | GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, | NL, PT, SE |
| US 5556767 | A 19960917 | US 1993-173209 | 19931222 |

| US | 5504003 | | | A | 13 | 9960 | 402 | US | 1994- | 2083 | 39 | | 1 | 99403 | 308 | |
|----------|----------|-------|-----|-----|-------|------|-----|-------|--------|------|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|----|
| ZA | 9403442 | | | A | 1 | 9951 | 120 | ZA | 1994- | 3442 | | | 1 | 99405 | 518 | |
| CA | 2179606 | | | A1 | 1 | 9950 | 629 | CA | 1994- | 2179 | 606 | | 1 | 99406 | 528 | |
| AU | 9475497 | | | A | 13 | 9950 | 710 | AU | 1994- | 7549 | 7 | | 1 | 99406 | 528 | |
| AU | 684539 | | | B2 | 11 | 9971 | 218 | | | | | | | | | |
| EP | 735818 | | | A1 | 1: | 9961 | 009 | EF | 1994- | 9256 | 71 | | 1 | 99406 | 528 | |
| EP | 735818 | | | В1 | 2 | 0040 | 331 | | | | | | | | | |
| | R: AT, | BE, | CH, | DE, | DK, I | ES, | FR, | GB, G | R, IE, | IT, | LI, | LU, | MC, | NL, | PT, | SE |
| CN | 1143894 | | | A | 1: | 9970 | 226 | CN | 1994- | 1949 | 02 | | 1 | 99406 | 528 | |
| JP | 09506774 | | | T | 1: | 9970 | 708 | JF | 1995- | 5173 | 97 | | 1 | 99406 | 528 | |
| JP | 3677288 | | | B2 | 2 | 0050 | 727 | | | | | | | | | |
| JP | 20020534 | 90 | | A | 2 | 0020 | 219 | JF | 2001- | 1967 | 23 | | 1 | 99406 | 528 | |
| | 262914 | | | T | 2 | 0040 | 415 | | 1994- | | | | 1 | 99406 | 528 | |
| | 735818 | | | T | 2 | 0040 | 730 | PI | 1994- | 9256 | 71 | | 1 | 99406 | 528 | |
| ES | 2214484 | | | Т3 | 2 | 0040 | 916 | ES | 1994- | 9256 | 71 | | 1 | 99406 | 528 | |
| | 1321745 | | | A. | 2 | 0011 | 114 | | 2001- | | | | 2 | 00104 | 416 | |
| AU | 777297 | | | B2 | 2 | 0041 | 007 | AU | 2002- | 1544 | 5 | | 2 | 00202 | 206 | |
| | 20031478 | | | A1 | 2 | 0030 | 807 | | 2002- | | | | | 00206 | | |
| PRIORITY | APPLN. | INFO. | : | | | | | | 1993- | | | | | 99312 | | |
| | | | | | | | | US | 1994- | 2083 | 39 | A | . 1 | 99403 | 308 | |
| | | | | | | | | | 1995- | | | A | | 99406 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | 1994- | | | | | 99406 | | |
| | | | | | | | | US | 1995- | 4468 | 81 | | | 99505 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | 1995- | | | | | 99506 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | 1997- | | | | | 99709 | | |
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| | | | | | | | | | 1999- | | | | | 99906 | 517 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

AB There are disclosed human macrophage inflammatory protein-3, human macrophage inflammatory protein-4, and human macrophage inflammatory protein-ty polypeptides and DNA (or RNA) encoding such polypeptides. There is also provided a procedure for producing such polypeptides by recombinant techniques and for producing antibodies against such polypeptides. In the invention there is also provided antagonist/inhibitors against such polypeptides which inhibit the functioning of such polypeptides. Another aspect of the invention provides a combination of the polypeptides of the present invention and a suitable pharmaceutical carrier for providing a therapeutically effective amount of the polypeptides for the treatment of various associated diseases.

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=> S CCRL2 (S) ligand
L4 5 CCRL2 (S) LIGAND
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=> Dup Rem L4

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L4

3 DUP REM L4 (2 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

ANSWER '1' FROM FILE MEDLINE ANSWER '2' FROM FILE BIOSIS ANSWER '3' FROM FILE CAPLUS

=> D Ibib Abs L5 1-3

L5 ANSWER 1 OF 3 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 1

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004286185 MEDLINE DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 15188357

TITLE: Up-regulated expression and activation of the orphan chemokine receptor, CCRL2, in rheumatoid arthritis.

AUTHOR: Galligan Carole L; Matsuyama Wataru; Matsukawa Akihiro;
Mizuta Hiroshi; Hodge David R; Howard O M Zack; Yoshimura

Teizo

CORPORATE SOURCE: National Cancer Institute at Frederick, Frederick, Maryland

21702, USA.

SOURCE: Arthritis and rheumatism, (2004 Jun) Vol. 50, No. 6, pp.

1806-14.

Journal code: 0370605, ISSN: 0004-3591,

PUB. COUNTRY: United States

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Abridged Index Medicus Journals; Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 200407

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 10 Jun 2004

Last Updated on STN: 9 Jul 2004 Entered Medline: 8 Jul 2004

AB OBJECTIVE: Rheumatoid arthritis (RA) is a chronic inflammatory condition characterized by a cellular influx and destruction of the joint

architecture. Chemokines characteristically regulate leukocyte recruitment and activation. Chemokine (CC motif) receptor-like 2 (CCRL2) is an orphan receptor with homology to other CC chemokine receptors. We undertook this study to examine CCRL2 expression in RA, cytokine

regulation of expression, and the source of a putative ligand in an attempt to determine the role of this receptor during inflammation. METHODS: Expression of CCRL2 on joint-infiltrating leukocytes was examined by immunocytochemistry. In vitro studies evaluated CCRL2 expression in primary neutrophils using Northern and Western blotting and reverse transcriptase-polymerase chain reaction. HEK 293 cells expressing two splice variants of CCRL2 (HEK/CCRL2A or HEK/CCRL2B) were generated with a retroviral expression system, and their migration in response to fractions of synovial fluid (SF) from RA patients was examined using a 48-well

neutrophils and on some macrophages obtained from the SF of 5 RA patients. In vitro studies of primary neutrophils revealed that CCRL2 messenger RNA (mRNA) was rapidly up-regulated following stimulation with lipopolysaccharide (1 microg/ml) or tumor necrosis factor (5 ng/ml). The mRNA for both CCRL2A and CCRL2B were expressed in cytokine-stimulated neutrophils. Cells expressing either of these splice variants migrated in

response to a fraction of RA SF. CONCLUSION: CCRL2 expression is up-regulated on synovial neutrophils of RA patients. Inflammatory products present in the SF activate this receptor, indicating that CCRL2 is a functional receptor that may be involved in the pathogenesis of RA.

chamber. RESULTS: CCRL2 expression was observed on all infiltrating

ANSWER 2 OF 3 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2008 The Thomson Corporation on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:286307 BIOSIS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE:

PREV200400285064

AUTHOR(S):

Upregulated expression and activation of the orphan

chemokine receptor, CCRL2, in rheumatoid arthritis. Galligan, Carole [Reprint Author]; Matsuyama, Wataru; Matsukawa, Akihiro; Mizuta, Hiroshi; Hodge, David R;

Howard, O.M. Zack; Yoshimura, Teizo

Laboratory of Molecular Immunoregulation, National Cancer CORPORATE SOURCE:

Institute, P.O. Box B, Bldg. 560, Frederick, MD,

21702-1201, USA

cgalligan@ncifcrf.gov

FASEB Journal, (2004) Vol. 18, No. 4-5, pp. Abst. 337.9.

http://www.fasebj.org/. e-file.

Meeting Info.: FASEB Meeting on Experimental Biology: Translating the Genome. Washington, District of Columbia,

USA. April 17-21, 2004. FASEB. ISSN: 0892-6638 (ISSN print).

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Conference; (Meeting)

Conference; Abstract; (Meeting Abstract)

LANGUAGE: English

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 16 Jun 2004

Last Updated on STN: 16 Jun 2004

AB Rheumatoid arthritis (RA) is a chronic inflammatory condition characterized by a cellular influx and destruction of the joint architecture involving chemokines that induce the leukocyte infiltration and activation. The human chemokine-like receptor 2 (CCRL2) codes for a putative 7-TM G protein-coupled receptor with high homology to other chemokine receptors. This study examined CCRL2 expression in RA, the cytokines regulating gene expression and the source of a putative ligand for CCRL2 in an attempt to determine the role of this receptor during inflammation. Immunohistochemistry revealed positive CCRL2 staining of neutrophils infiltrating the joints of RA patients. Primary human neutrophils expressed low levels of CCRL2 mRNA, but stimulation with LPS or TNF dramatically upregulated mRNA levels. Elevated CCRL2 mRNA expression was evident as early as 1 h after TNF- or LPS-activation and the levels peaked after 2-4 or 4-8 hours respectively. Two N-terminal splice variants for CCRL2 (A and B) were detected in freshly isolated as well as in LPS- and TNF-activated neutrophils by RT-PCR. CCRL2 protein was not detectable in freshly isolated neutrophils but readily detectable in LPS-activated neutrophils. Fractions of RA synovial fluids induced significant chemotaxis for HEK-293 cells expressing either CCRL2 variant. Our results suggest that CCRL2 may play a role in regulating neutrophil recruitment and activation during rheumatoid arthritis.

5 ANSWER 3 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:547792 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:76842

TITLE: Macrophage inflammatory protein-4 (MIP-4) as an

endogenous ligand for CCRL2 and

sequences of human MIP-4 and CCRL2

INVENTOR(S): Tinsley, Jonathon Mark
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Oxagen Limited, UK
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 69 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION:

| | TENT : | | | | KIN | | DATE | | | APPL: | | | DATE | | | | | | |
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| WO | 2005057220 | | | | A2 | | | | | | | | 20041202 | | | | | | |
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A 20040211 | | | |

WO 2004-GB5057 W 20041202

AB Macrophage inflammatory protein-4 (MIP-4; also known as DC-CKI, CCL18 and PARC) is identified as an endogenous ligand for CCRL2 (chemokine (C-C motif) receptor-like 2). The protein and cDNA sequences of human MIP-4 and CCRL2 are disclosed. Anti-CCRL2 antibody was blocking MIP-4 and synovial fluid induced monocyte chemotaxis. Anti-MIP-4 antibody was also blocking RA synovial fluid induced monocyte chemotaxis. This data demonstrates that MIP-4 is a major mediator of monocyte induced chemotaxis found in RA synovial fluid. CCRL2 modulators, such as antibodies against CCRL2 or MIP-4, is useful in treating an inflammatory disease, a disease associated with enhanced macrophage activity or an infection.

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